

Quadratic Equation: is of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$. To solve a quadratic equation means to find the x-intercepts

Zero: In a function, a value of the variable that makes the function equal to zero.

Example 1: Verifying solutions to a quadratic equation (p. 374)

The flight time for a long-distance water ski jumper depends on the initial velocity of the jump and the angle of the ramp. For one particular jump, the ramp has a vertical height of 5 m above water level. The height of the ski jumper in flight, $h(t)$, in metres, over time, t , in seconds, can be modelled by the following function:

$$h(t) = 5.0 + 24.46t - 4.9t^2$$

How long did the skier on the right hold his flight pose?

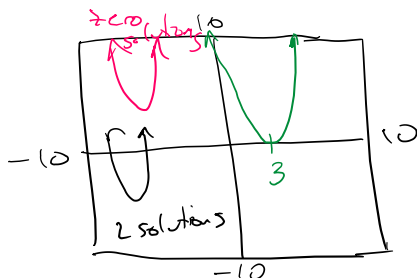
5.032 s



The skier holds his flight pose until he is 4.0 m above the water.

Roots: The values of the variable that make a standard ^{form} equation equal to zero, called solutions (also zeroes and x-ints)

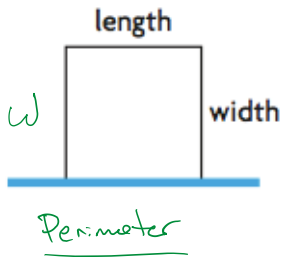
Example 2: What are the roots for $x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$?



There is only one root
 $x = 3$

Example 3: Graphing to determine the number of roots (p. 376)

Lamont runs a boarding kennel for dogs. He wants to construct a rectangular play space for the dogs, using 40 m of fencing and an existing fence as one side of the play space.



a) Write a function that describes the area, A , in square metres, of the play space for any width, w , in metres.

Area

$$A = lw$$

$$= (-2w + 40)w$$

$$A = -2w^2 + 40w$$



$$P = 2w + l$$

$$40 = 2w + l$$

$$l = -2w + 40$$

b) Write equations you could use to determine the widths for areas of 250 m^2 , 200 m^2 , and 150 m^2 .

① $250 = -2w^2 + 40w$

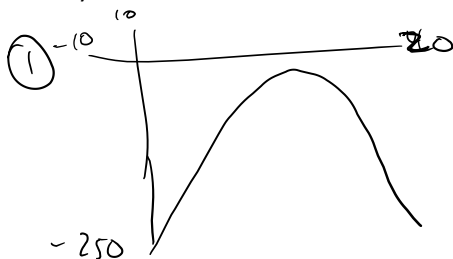
$$0 = -2w^2 + 40w - 250$$

② $200 = -2w^2 + 40w$

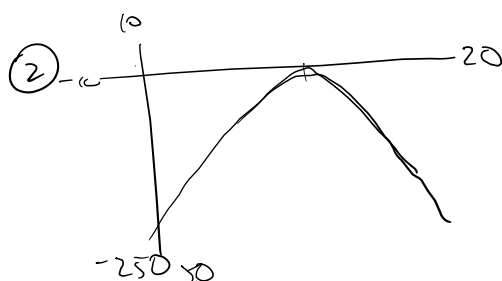
$$0 = -2w^2 + 40w - 200$$

③ $0 = -2w^2 + 40w - 150$

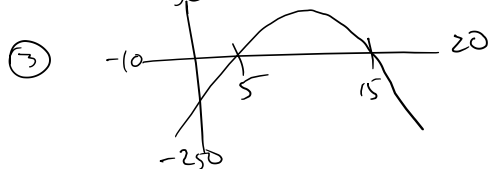
c) Determine the number of possible widths for each equation using a graph.



No solutions, no x -intercepts, can't have 250 m^2 of play space.



1 solution at $x = 10$ so width is 10 m



2 solutions at $x = 5$ and $x = 15$
when the width is 5 m or 15 m
the area will be 150 m^2

Example 3: Solving a quadratic equation in non-standard form (p. 378)

Determine the roots of this quadratic equation. Verify your answers.

$$3x^2 - 6x + 5 = 2x(4 - x)$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3x^2 - 6x + 5 & = & 8x - 2x^2 \\ + 2x^2 - 8x & & - 8x + 2x^2 \end{array}$$

$$5x^2 - 14x + 5 = 0$$

graph on calc-
2nd calc to find ^{b.t.y} zeroes
 $x = 0.42, x = 2.38$